

SERBIAN ARMY IS HOPELESSLY IN ENEMY NET

What Greece Will Do in Case Allies Are Forced Back Into Neutral Territory Is Not Yet Known.

(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire.)
London, Nov. 19 (3:10 a. m.)—No dispatches have been received either from Athens or Salonika since early Thursday morning and this silence of telegraphic communication is regarded as ominous for the position of the Serbian army, which is engaged in a difficult retreat.

Confirmed reports have come through Rome and Paris that Bulgarian advance guards have entered Monastir, but they are regarded here with suspicion. According to official statements, however, almost four-fifths of Serbia already is overrun by the Austro-Germans and Bulgarians, whose advance into the mountain kingdom has been very rapid.

The Serbian army is being forced between the limits of two narrow frontiers, Metrovitza and Pristina in the center and Prip and Monastir on the south. The Serbians have the alternative of giving battle where they stand or retreating.

There appears to be no hope that the British and French forces landed at Salonika can give the Serbs any assistance in their difficult retreat. The railway from Mitrovitza south is not available as the Bulgarians bar the way at the Ekip Junction and the Kachanik pass, while the most available roads are not suitable for the transport of large armies with guns and commissariat wagons.

The result of the conference of Deza Cochlin, member of the French cabinet, with the Greek ministers at Athens, is still unknown but, according to a statement in today's Times, the Greek premier, M. Skouloudis, is not in favor of disarming and internment of the Anglo-French and Serbian troops should be they be forced into Greek territory. There is reason to believe that should they be compelled to withdraw into Greece, they will not be interned.

The morning newspapers, like the Post, protest strongly against the license given in the house of lords for the leakage of decisions which they say had been withheld.

RACING MILLIONAIRE ENLISTS WITH ALLIES

(Associated Press Correspondence.)
Melbourne, Australia, Oct. 21.—Giving his name as "John Wren," a man applied at the Melbourne town hall a few days ago for enlistment. He said his business was "racing." "Are you the owner of the race course?" asked the surprised recruiting officer.

"Yes," he replied. He is perhaps the most widely known of Australia's millionaires. He owns several race courses, a newspaper or two, and is interested in a great variety of industrial enterprises. He gave \$2,500 as a prize to the first Australian to win the Victoria cross.

When passed all the tests, and was promptly ticketed as a private in a newly formed regiment. He gave his age as 42.

GERMANY SUFFERS SHORTAGE OF COPPER

(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire.)
London, Nov. 18 (4:22 p. m.)—A Copenhagen dispatch to Reuters' Telegram company says the copper famine in Germany is so acute that requests equivalent to demands are now reaching the authorities of the church to hand over all the copper in their possession as a good example to others. The huge copper roofs of the great cathedral at Bremen are being dismantled and everything made of copper belonging to the cathedral has been placed at the disposal of the military.

CROSS, FEVERISH CHILD IS BILIOUS OR CONSTIPATED

Look, Mother! If tongue is coated give "California Syrup of Figs."

Every mother realizes, after giving her children "California Syrup of Figs," that this is their ideal laxative, because they love its pleasant taste and it thoroughly cleanses the tender little stomach, liver and bowels without griping.

When cross, irritable, feverish or breath is bad, stomach sour, look at the tongue, mother! If coated, give a teaspoonful of this harmless "fruit laxative" and in a few hours all the food, constipated waste, sour bile and indigestible food passes out of the bowels, and you have a well, playful child again. When its little system is full of cold, throat sore, has stomach-ache, diarrhoea, indigestion, colic, remember a good "inside cleansing" should always be the first treatment given.

Millions of mothers keep "California Syrup of Figs" handy; they know a teaspoonful today saves a sick child tomorrow. Ask your druggist for a bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has directions for babies, children of all ages and grown-ups printed on the bottle. Beware of counterfeits! Sold here, so don't be fooled. Get the genuine, made by "California Fig Syrup Company."

Here's the Neutral Greek Premier



This is the first photograph of Zaimis, the new neutral Greek premier, to arrive in the United States. He succeeded Venizelos, who favored the allies, but resigned when pressure was brought to bear by King Constantine. Zaimis does not believe Greece should live up to her treaty promises to Serbia to fight with her in case of attack from Bulgaria.

FEDERATION OF LABOR FAVORS PREPAREDNESS

Resolutions Protesting Against Military Training in Public Schools Are Decisively Voted Down.

(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire.)
San Francisco, Nov. 18.—The question of preparedness, coming up unexpectedly, was thrashed out before the American Federation of Labor today with the result that resolutions protesting against the introduction of military propaganda in the public schools were voted down. But a final vote was not taken until President Samuel Gompers declared that he hoped the day soon would come when the people of the United States would control the militia and the regular armed forces in the interest of peace, justice, democracy and humanity. The discussion was marked by several demonstrations, hushes coming from various parts of the hall when speakers on the platform were setting forth their views as to why the resolution should not be passed.

President Gompers said that it had not been intended that the question of preparedness should come up at the time, that the plan had been to consider it more especially.

"But now that we are on the subject," said he, "I wish to say that I would not have the military forces controlled by a select few. I want it in the hands of democracy—in the control of the great masses of the people of this country."

FRENCH BOMBARDMENT MADE AT HEAVY COST

(Associated Press Correspondence.)
Berlin, Nov. 18.—The assertion of German war correspondents on the west front, based on estimates of observers of various ranks, that 50,000-60,000 shots were fired by the French artillery in three days preceding the great September offensive, is demolished in an article in the Vorwaerts by Richard Gaedke, one of the sanest critics in Germany. Accepting Joffe's figures as to the number of guns available for the offensive as true, Gaedke points out that to reach 50,000 shots, each gun would have had to fire some 7,000 charges in the three days. Even new guns direct from the shops could not hold out, even if it were physically possible to serve them so fast, which it is not. This is ever more striking in the case of the heavy artillery. At the most, says Gaedke, the field guns could not have fired more than 1,000 shots a day, and the heavy guns much less. Even the smaller total, however, is imposing enough. It means an expenditure in ammunition of \$25,000,000 to \$30,000,000. The estimates of 50,000,000 shots, Gaedke shows how terrible must have been the impression made by the French bombardment.

NO NEW WAR LOAN NEEDED BY GERMANY

(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire.)
Berlin, Nov. 18 (By Wire to St. Louis).—Reports that Germany was about to issue her fourth war loan are denied by the Overseas News agency, in a statement today which says: "Germany is provided with ample financial means for continuing the war until the coming spring. Therefore no new loan in Germany is expected, a new war loan in the immediate future."

BRITISH GAINS ON BARDANELLES DISPEL GLOOM

Mines Are Exploded and 280 Yards of Turkish Trenches Are Captured and Successfully Consolidated.

(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire.)
London, Nov. 18.—The British army at the Dardanelles has resumed the offensive and captured 280 yards of Turkish trenches, according to official announcements today.

The text of the statement follows: In the Dardanelles the fifty-second division carried out a very successful attack on the Turkish trenches on the 15th.

Three mines were exploded successfully under the enemy's trenches in the neighborhood of the Krithia nullah and the infantry captured about 160 yards of trenches on the east of the nullah and 120 yards on its west.

Simultaneously with the assault our artillery opened on the enemy's reserve support trenches, two four-inch mortars and H. M. S. Edgar (repaired) co-operating and maintaining their fire until the position was reported consolidated.

The enemy's batteries replied heavily but did little damage. The Turks in the neighboring trenches, who fired heavily, were caught by machine gun and rifle fire and bombs and suffered considerably; their fire becoming very wild.

No attempt at a counter-attack was made until the night of November 16-17, when it was easily repulsed. Our casualties were under fifty killed and wounded. Over seventy dead were seen in the captured position, and a prisoner reports that over thirty were buried by the explosion of one mine.

PENROSE DENIES ANNOUNCEMENT OF CANDIDACY

(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire.)
Denver, Nov. 18.—Boies Penrose, United States senator from Pennsylvania, today made the following statement about reports last night from San Antonio, Tex., that he would shortly announce his candidacy for the republican nomination for the presidency:

"I have been mentioned for the presidential nomination next year, but there is no authority from me for the statement from San Antonio that my announcement is shortly to be made. As a matter of fact there are no candidates for the republican nomination yet other than complimentary votes and boasts for favorite sons and for neighboring states' favorite sons, and the probability now is that the question of a nominee will be quite unsolved until the convention has acted. Some of the greatest republican presidents have been of such convention nominations. Lincoln, Grant and Hayes not to mention others, have been in this class."

Senator Penrose was here for a few minutes during the passage of the Liberty bell today.

INDECENT PLAYS IN DUBLIN CAUSE OF MUCH PROTEST

Absence of Censor in Ireland Leads to Great License in Putting on Productions of Questionable Character.

(Associated Press Correspondence.)
Dublin, Ireland, Nov. 18.—Dublin, at present greatly exercised about the morality of its theatres, music halls and moving picture shows. There is no censor in Ireland, and the only way of punishing impropriety on the stage is by a police court prosecution. No such prosecution has been instituted, and the only occasions when the police court discusses the matter are live court discussions, the matter being prosecuted by expressing disapproval.

One such case has just occurred where a man was brought before the magistrate for protesting at the exhibition of a film called "The New Madalen." The evidence of some influential citizens was given as to its objectionable character, balanced by the evidence of other members of the audience, including some ladies that it was all right. The magistrate thought it would require a Solomon to decide between the witnesses and determined to be his own witness. A special exhibition was given all to himself. He did not see anything wrong in the film, and the defendant then alleged that the performance for the magistrate was a fake and that he did not see the same film. This suggestion was scouted out of court and the defendant was fined and has served notice of appeal.

Reveries Provoke Agitation.
It is, however, the reveries which have provoked most agitation. They run at several theatres, including the principal ones, and have almost banished the legitimate drama from the Dublin stage. The costumes are often very scanty and the songs and dances sometimes beyond the border line of the decent. Late in the newspapers vigorous protests were made by individuals. The manager of one of the leading houses expressed his willingness to remove everything considered objectionable, and incidentally revealed the fact that the first performance in each week was in the nature of a trial run. If the public on which it was tried stood without protest it went on all the week. This has now been remedied and the trial run takes place in some before a management committee, who will be responsible for seeing that even a first night audience is properly protected.

Archbishop Walsh, in declaring his satisfaction at this improved arrangement, called attention publicly to what is even a greater scandal, because more widespread, and that is the posters on the walls advertising these revues. They have been often exceedingly free and there seems to be no authority charged with the duty of controlling them. Altogether public feeling is a good deal aroused in Dublin on these questions. Jack Johnson, who appeared as the producer of a revue, no worse than many others, experienced its effect on the first night of his performance, and the audience insisted on the removal of its objectionable features. He did not resent this in the least, but mildly thanked his patrons for letting him know their views so promptly and unmistakably.

ALPINE SYMPHONY IS NOVELTY OF SEASON

(Associated Press Correspondence.)
Berlin, Nov. 18.—The musical novelty of the season in Germany is Dr. Richard Strauss' "Alpine Symphony," which was produced for the first time this week by the orchestra of the Royal opera house at Dresden. Among other things the composer has introduced a thunder machine into his orchestra, which consists of 105 musicians "in sight" and twelve for supplementary noise-making behind the scenes. The sound of a waterfall is produced thematically by a blending of strings, harps, woods and the clang of the celesta combined with the tremolo of the triangle. In the sunrise theme, according to the Dresden newspapers, "the sun rises A beams at noon in C, and sets in G."

Besides the storm, the waterfall, and the sun, there are themes entitled: The Ascent; Entrance to the Forest; Rattle of the Brook; On the Glacier; Perilous Outlook; Calm Before the Storm; and Night Again.

Pinna Recovers \$25,000

Reno, Nov. 18.—William Pinna, of Pittsburgh, has been granted a court judgment against the Twenty-One Mining company of California and its directors for \$25,000. As the result of an effort on the part of the company to sell a patented mine to him. The mine is located in California and the money recovered was advanced as the first payment on a \$250,000 option.

A Simple Way to Remove Dandruff

There is one sure way that has never failed to remove dandruff at once, and that is to dissolve it, then you destroy it entirely. To do this, just get about four ounces of plain, common liquid arvon from any drug store (this is all you will need), apply it at night when retiring, use enough to moisten the scalp and rub it in gently with the finger tips.

By morning most, if not all, of your dandruff will be gone, and three or four more applications will completely dissolve, and entirely destroy, every single sign and trace of it, no matter how much dandruff you may have. You will find all itching and itching of the scalp will stop instantly and your hair will be fluffy, lustrous, glossy, silky and soft, and look and feel a hundred times better.

RESIGNATION OF VIVIANI CABINET UPSET PRECEDENT

Overthrow of Government Came When There Was No Crisis; Traditions Smashed by Existence of War.

(Associated Press Correspondence.)
Paris, Oct. 28.—The circumstances of the resignation of the Viviani cabinet and the formation of its successor furnished a striking example of how war has overturned traditions. In times of peace a cabinet is always overthrown as the result of a vote of parliament. Sometimes that vote is decisive and occasionally merely symptomatic though sufficiently significant to make it apparent to the government that its life is so precarious that an attempt to hang on is only to retard the inevitable.

In this case there was really no cabinet crisis, properly speaking. There was considerable opposition to the cabinet in parliament, resulting from the desire of deputies to know details of military operations which the government refused to disclose, but in every vote the government had a sufficient majority to justify its remaining in power. All available information shows that the difficulty was in the interior of the cabinet itself that the accident occurred. As one deputy put it "the government died of a secret malady." It is not the first time that a cabinet has resigned after having received a vote of confidence. Curiously enough, the latest example of this kind was that of the first cabinet presided over by M. Aristide Briand, interpellated regarding his attitude on religious questions by M. Louis J. Mahy, now minister of the interior, the Briand cabinet posed the question of confidence and was sustained by a majority of about twenty members, not including the members of the cabinet. This crisis closely followed the famous oration made by M. Briand at Perigueux, in which he advocated a coalition between the different parties in France on the religious question. He held that having accomplished the principal object of the separation of church and state, and assured the liberty of conscience to the French people, they could well afford to grant the same liberty to the clerical element and stop an unfortunate agitation. The radical party disagreed with him and in parliament the commissions held up government legislation so that the cabinet was unable to accomplish his program. Consequently, although supported by a safe majority on the question of confidence, M. Briand resigned.

Briand's Third Cabinet.
This is M. Aristide Briand's third cabinet. He came into the foreground again with the national defense cabinet after his political fortunes were supposed to have been put in great jeopardy by the conflict he raised with the radical-socialist party in the elections of 1914, and in which he was worsted. He was brought back to power by the simple force of circumstances—a greater tribute to his qualities than any parliamentary vote. After falling from power on the religious question, when he was succeeded by the Monis cabinet, he came back again to form a part of the great national defense cabinet presided over by M. Raymond Poincare, after the crisis that followed the Agadir incident. He became president of the cabinet again after the election of M. Poincare as president of the republic, only to be attacked in the senate by Senator Georges Clemenceau, who has established a reputation as the great demolisher of ministries. It was a question of electoral reform on which the senate disagreed with him and which caused his second downfall.

M. Briand has often been accused of failing to make the most of his brilliant powers through an indifference to sustained effort. He had to his credit, before becoming a minister, the enactment of the law of separation of church and state. It was during the debates on this subject, of such immense importance to France that he established his reputation as a parliamentary debater. He must also be credited with the initiative which resulted in the re-establishment of the three-year military service law, thanks to which at the outbreak of the war France had 500,000 men in its army ready for action instead of 250,000.

M. Briand is what would be called in America a self-made man. He started in life with nothing but his own talents and with those made his own opportunities. He was first a lawyer, then a journalist before going into politics, where his career may be really said to have begun. He has been viciously attacked by both extremes in France—by the Catholics on account of his interest in the law separating church and state, and by the socialists and radicals by reason of his conciliatory attitude once that reform has been accomplished. It is his broadmindedness and rugged honesty that have triumphed over both those extremes and made him the logical man of the hour.

COURT REFUSES NEW TRIAL FOR JUDGE LINDSEY

(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire.)
Denver, Nov. 18.—Ben B. Lindsey, judge of Denver's juvenile court, today was denied a new trial by Judge John Perry, in district court here. Lindsey recently was fined \$500 and costs by Judge Perry for contempt of court as a result of his refusal to divulge as a witness information imparted in a conversation with Neel Wright, 12, whose mother was being tried for the murder of her husband.

In overruling the motion for a retrial, Judge Perry gave the defendant thirty days in which to perfect an application to the supreme court for a writ of superseas.

REPORT OF CONDITION OF	
American Trust & Savings Bank	
of Albuquerque, New Mexico, at the close of business, November 10, 1915.	
Resources:	
Loans and discounts	\$219,324.63
Assets	
Real estate owned	\$117,117.76
Real estate owned by others	21,327.51
All other loans	81,383.40
Furniture and fixtures	2,095.45
Other real estate owned	4,509.98
Due from banks	18,027.08
Checks and other cash items	36.29
Actual cash on hand	2,477.29
(a) Gold coin	2,477.29
(b) Gold certificates	300.00
(c) Silver coin	32.20
(d) Silver certificates	212.00
(e) National bank notes	70.00
(f) Cash not classified	12.00
Total resources	\$258,052.94
Liabilities:	
Capital stock paid in	\$25,000.00
Surplus	13,000.00
Unpaid profits (including accrued interest and any other amounts set aside for special purposes, less current expenses)	510.50
Individual deposits, subject to check without notice	28,534.02
Savings deposits or deposits in interest or savings department	87,242.72
Certificates of deposit	21,875.42
Cashier's checks outstanding	428.11
Bills payable, including certificates of deposit representing money borrowed	13,000.00
Total liabilities	\$258,052.94

State of New Mexico, County of Bernalillo—
I, W. A. McMILLIN, Cashier, and J. B. Herndon, President, and J. B. Herndon, Director, and Roy McDonald, Director, of the American Trust & Savings Bank of Albuquerque, New Mexico, a bank organized under the laws of the Territory, now State of New Mexico, upon oath duly sworn, each for himself depose and say, that the above and foregoing statements of the Resources and Liabilities, Interest Paid on Deposits, and Dividends Paid on Capital Stock, of the above-named bank at the close of business November 10, 1915, are correct and true.

W. A. McMILLIN, Cashier.
J. B. HERNDON, President.
J. B. HERNDON, Director.
ROY McDONALD, Director.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 18th day of November, A. D. 1915.
(SEAL)
My commission expires September 2, 1916.

In his application for re-trial Lindsey presented a dozen alleged errors, one affecting Judge Perry was without jurisdiction in the case and another that in imposing the \$500 fine he exceeded his authority.

"GETS-IT" FOR CORNS, SURE AS SUNRISE!

Any Corn With "Gets-It" on It, Is an Absolute "Goner!"
Yes, it's the simplest thing in the world to get rid of a corn—when you use "Gets-It," the world's greatest corn-killer. Really, it's almost a pleasure to have corns just to see



"Gets-It" Puts Your Feet in Clover.
them come off with "Gets-It." It just loosens the corn from the true flesh, easily, and then makes it come "clean off." 48 hours ends corns for keeps. It makes the use of tape, corn-sores, liniments, bandages, irritating salves, knives, scissors, and razors really look ridiculous. Get rid of those corns quickly, surely, painlessly—just easily—with "Gets-It." For warts and bunions, too, it's the 20th century way.

"Gets-It" is sold by all druggists, 25c a bottle, or sent direct by E. Lawrence & Co., Chicago.
Sold in Albuquerque and recommended as the world's best corn remedy by Ottwell Drug Co., and Highland Pharmacy.

Pioneer Bakery

S. N. BALLING, Prop.
307 South First Street.

Living on a Dollar a Week

Of course you don't want to live on a dollar a week. No one wants to do the sensible thing when it comes to the selection of food—but it's easy for the person who knows

Shredded Wheat

Two Shredded Wheat Biscuits with hot milk make a warm, nourishing, satisfying meal at a cost of not over five cents—a meal on which you can do a half day's work and reach the top-notch of health and efficiency. Supplies every element needed for the perfect nourishment of the human body.

TRISCUIT is the Shredded Wheat Wafer, eaten as a toast with bread and butter or soft cheese, or as a substitute for white flour bread or crackers.

Made only by
The Shredded Wheat Co., Niagara Falls, N. Y.



LUMBER Glass-Paint
Cement-Plaster
Albuquerque Lumber Company
421 NORTH FIRST STREET